

Carsten Braun

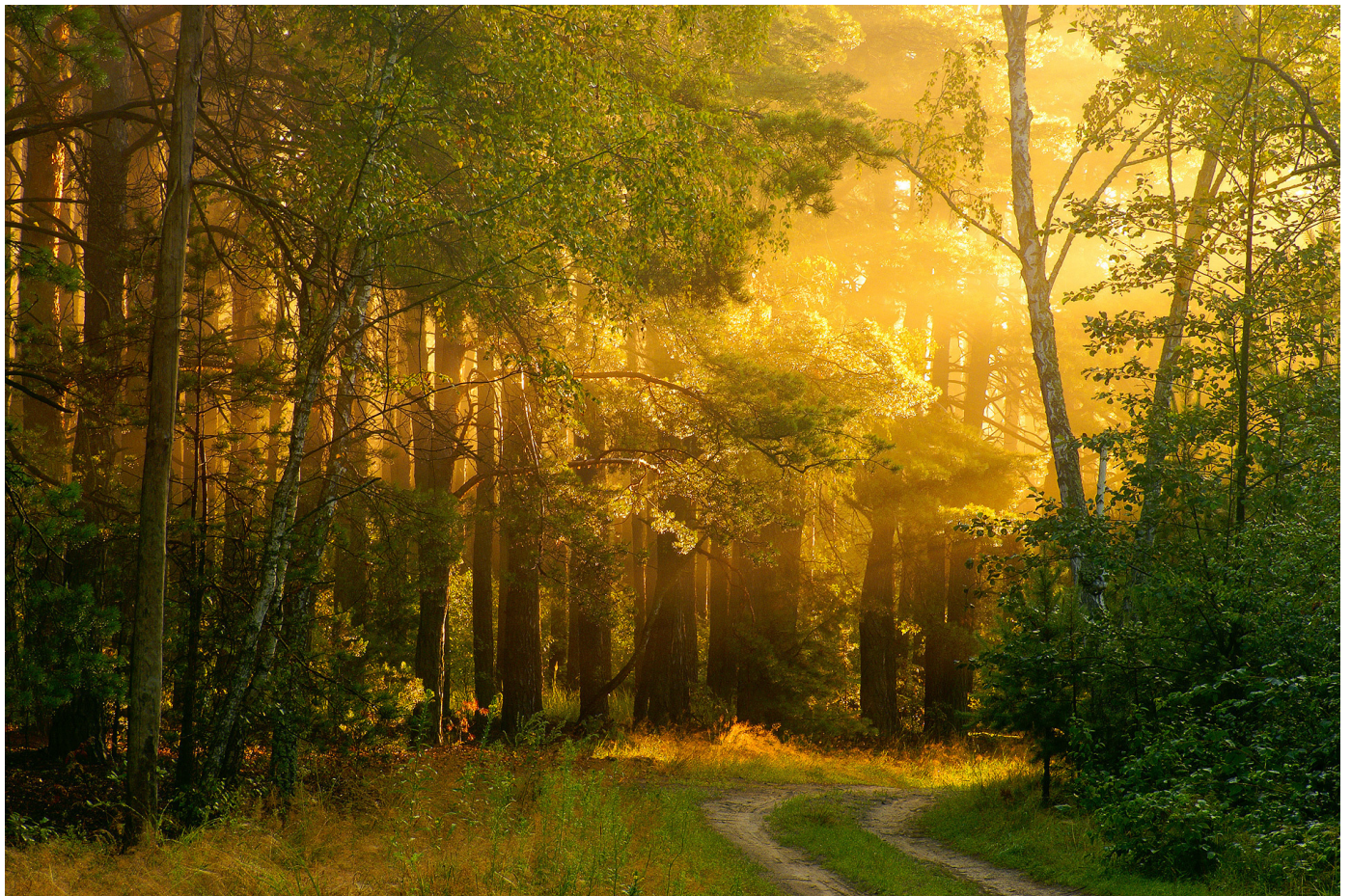
Spirits of the Dead

Liederzyklus

für Sopranstimme und Klavier

im Gedenken an Sarah Langner

* † 13. 02. 2013



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Spirits of the Dead

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Ambitus Stimme:

1. If I can stop one heart from breaking (I):	b – es "
2. The dying child:	b – dis "
3. Requiescat:	cis ' – g "
4. In a disused graveyard:	h – g "
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6. Dreamland:	h – g "
7. An Epitaph:	d ' – e "
8. Spirits of the dead:	c ' – ais "
9. If I can stop one heart from breaking (II):	c ' – b "

Emily Dickinson – If I can stop one heart from breaking

If I can stop one heart from breaking,
I shall not live in vain;
If I can ease one life the aching,
Or cool one pain,
Or help one fainting robin
Unto his nest again,
I shall not live in vain.

John Clare – The Dying Child

He could not die when trees were green,
For he loved the time too well.
His little hands, when flowers were seen,
Were held for the bluebell,
As he was carried o'er the green.

His eye glanced at the white-nosed bee;
He knew those children of the spring:
When he was well and on the lea
He held one in his hands to sing,
Which filled his heart with glee.

Infants, the children of the spring!
How can an infant die
When butterflies are on the wing,
Green grass, and such a sky?
How can they die at spring?

He held his hands for daisies white,
And then for violets blue,
And took them all to bed at night
That in the green fields grew,
As childhood's sweet delight.

And then he shut his little eyes,
And flowers would notice not;
Birds' nests and eggs caused no surprise,
He now no blossoms got;
They met with plaintive sighs.

When winter came and blasts did sigh,
And bare were plain and tree,
As he for ease in bed did lie
His soul seemed with the free,
He died so quietly.

Oscar Wilde – Requiescat

Tread lightly, she is near
Under the snow,
Speak gently, she can hear
The daisies grow.

All her bright golden hair
Tarnished with rust,
She that was young and fair
Fallen to dust.

Lily-like, white as snow,
She hardly knew
She was a woman, so
Sweetly she grew.

Coffin-board, heavy stone,
Lie on her breast,
I vex my heart alone
She is at rest.

Peace, Peace, she cannot hear
Lyre or sonnet,
All my life's buried here,
Heap earth upon it.

Robert Frost – I a disused graveyard

The living come with grassy tread
To read the gravestones on the hill;
The graveyard draws the living still,
But never anymore the dead.

The verses in it say and say:
"The ones who living come today
To read the stones and go away
Tomorrow dead will come to stay."

So sure of death the marbles rhyme,
Yet can't help marking all the time
How no one dead will seem to come.
What is it men are shrinking from?

It would be easy to be clever
And tell the stones: Men hate to die
And have stopped dying now forever.
I think they would believe the lie.

Percy Bysshe Shelley – Remembrance

I.

Swifter far than summer's flight -
Swifter far than youth's delight -
Swifter far than happy night,
Art thou come and gone
As the earth when leaves are dead,
As the night when sleep is sped,
As the heart when joy is fled,
I am left lone, alone.

II.

The swallow summer comes again -
The owlet night resumes her reign -
But the wild-swan youth is fain
To fly with thee, false as thou.
My heart each day desires the morrow;
Sleep itself is turned to sorrow;
Vainly would my winter borrow
Sunny leaves from any bough.

III.

Lilies for a bridal bed
Roses for a matron's head
Violets for a maiden dead
Pansies let MY flowers be:
On the living grave I bear
Scatter them without a tear
Let no friend, however dear,
Waste one hope, one fear for me.

Lewis Carroll - Dreamland

When midnight mists are creeping,
And all the land is sleeping,
Around me tread the mighty dead,
And slowly pass away.

Lo, warriors, saints, and sages,
From out the vanished ages,
With solemn pace and reverend face
Appear and pass away.

The blaze of noonday splendour,
The twilight soft and tender,
May charm the eye: yet they shall die,
Shall die and pass away.

But here, in Dreamland's centre,
No spoiler's hand may enter,
These visions fair, this radiance rare,
Shall never pass away.

I see the shadows falling,
The forms of old recalling;
Around me tread the mighty dead,
And slowly pass away.

Walter de la Mare - An Epitaph

Here lies a most beautiful lady,
Light of step and heart was she:
I think she was the most beautiful lady
That ever was in the West Country.
But beauty vanishes; beauty passes;
However rare, rare it be;
And when I crumble who shall remember
This lady of the West Country?

Edgar Allen Poe - Spirits of the Dead

I

Thy soul shall find itself alone
'Mid dark thoughts of the gray tombstone—
Not one, of all the crowd, to pry
Into thine hour of secrecy.

II

Be silent in that solitude,
Which is not loneliness—for then
The spirits of the dead who stood
In life before thee are again
In death around thee—and their will
Shall overshadow thee: be still.

III

The night, tho' clear, shall frown—
And the stars shall look not down
From their high thrones in the heaven,
With light like Hope to mortals given—
But their red orbs, without beam,
To thy weariness shall seem
As a burning and a fever
Which would cling to thee for ever.

IV

Now are thoughts thou shalt not banish,
Now are visions ne'er to vanish;
From thy spirit shall they pass
No more—like dew-drop from the grass.

V

The breeze—the breath of God—is still—
And the mist upon the hill,
Shadowy—shadowy—yet unbroken,
Is a symbol and a token—
How it hangs upon the trees,
A mystery of mysteries!

1. If I can stop one heart from breaking (I)

Text: Emily Dickinson

Carsten Braun
23. - 24. 4. 2013

$\text{♩} = 120$

p

4 *mp* If I can stop one heart of brea -

4

7 - king, I shall not live

7

10 *rit.* in vain;

10

12 *a tempo* If I can ease one life the a - ching, or cool one pain,

12

1. If I can stop one heart from breaking (I)

15

or help one faint - ting ro - bin un -

18

to his nest a-gain, I shall not live,

21

I shall not live

23

in vain.

rit. -----

2. The Dying Child

Text: John Clare

Carsten Braun
25. - 27. 5. 2013

The musical score is for a piano piece titled "2. The Dying Child" by Carsten Braun, with lyrics by John Clare. The score is written for piano and is in D major (two sharps) and 7/8 time. The tempo is marked as quarter note = 130. The piece is divided into five systems of music, each with a measure number at the beginning of the first staff. The first system starts at measure 1, the second at measure 7, the third at measure 13, the fourth at measure 19, and the fifth at measure 25. The piano part features a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the left hand and a more melodic line in the right hand, often with rests. Dynamics include piano (*p*) and crescendo/decrescendo markings. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the fifth system.

2. The Dying Child

30 *mp*

He could not die when trees were green, For he loved the time too well.

30 *p* *mp*

35

His little hands, when flowers were seen, Were held for the blue-bell,

35 *p* *mp*

40

As he was carried o'er the green. His

40 *mp*

46

eye glanced at the white-nosed bee; He knew those children of the spring:

46 *p* *mp*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is D major (two sharps). The time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into four systems, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note bass line and chords in the right hand. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano), *p* (piano), and *mp* (mezzo-piano). The lyrics are: 'He could not die when trees were green, For he loved the time too well. His little hands, when flowers were seen, Were held for the blue-bell, As he was carried o'er the green. His eye glanced at the white-nosed bee; He knew those children of the spring:'. The score ends with a double bar line.

51

When he was well and on the lea He held one in his hands to sing,

56

Which filled his heart with glee.

rit.

60

mf In - fants, the chil - dren of spring! How can an in - fant die When

64

but - ter-flies are on the wing, Green grass, and such a sky?

68

How can they die at spring?

mp

accel. ----- $\text{♩} = 130$

74

80

85 *mp*

He held his hands for dai - sies white, And then for vio - lets blue,

p *mp*

90

And took them all to bed at night That in the green fields grew,

The musical score is written for voice and piano. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into systems. The first system (measures 68-73) features a vocal line with the lyrics 'How can they die at spring?' and a piano accompaniment. The piano part has a melodic line in the right hand and a more rhythmic line in the left hand. The second system (measures 74-79) continues the piano accompaniment, with an 'accel.' marking and a tempo indication of '♩ = 130'. The third system (measures 80-84) shows the piano part continuing. The fourth system (measures 85-89) includes a vocal line with the lyrics 'He held his hands for dai - sies white, And then for vio - lets blue,'. The piano accompaniment features sustained chords in the right hand and a moving line in the left hand. The fifth system (measures 90-94) continues the piano accompaniment, with the vocal line resuming in the final measure with the lyrics 'And took them all to bed at night That in the green fields grew,'. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *p* (piano). The score ends with a final cadence in the piano part.

2. The Dying Child

7

95 *rit.* -----

As child-hood's sweet de - light.

99 $\text{♩} = 100$

mf In - fants, the chil - dren of spring! How can an in - fant die When

103

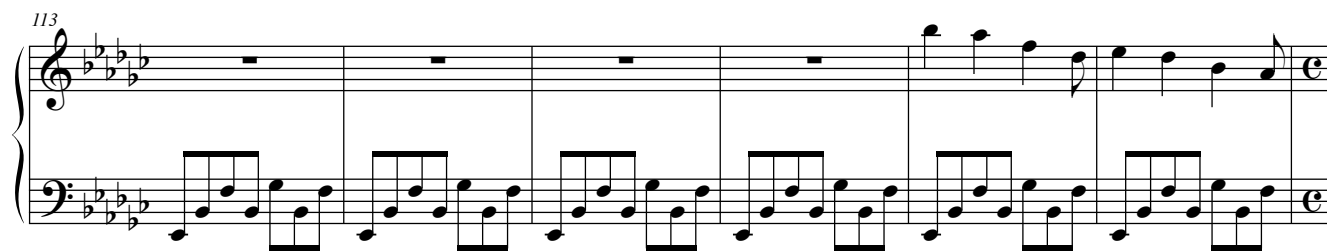
but - ter-flies are on the wing, Green grass, and such a sky?

107 $\text{♩} = 130$

How can they die at spring?

p

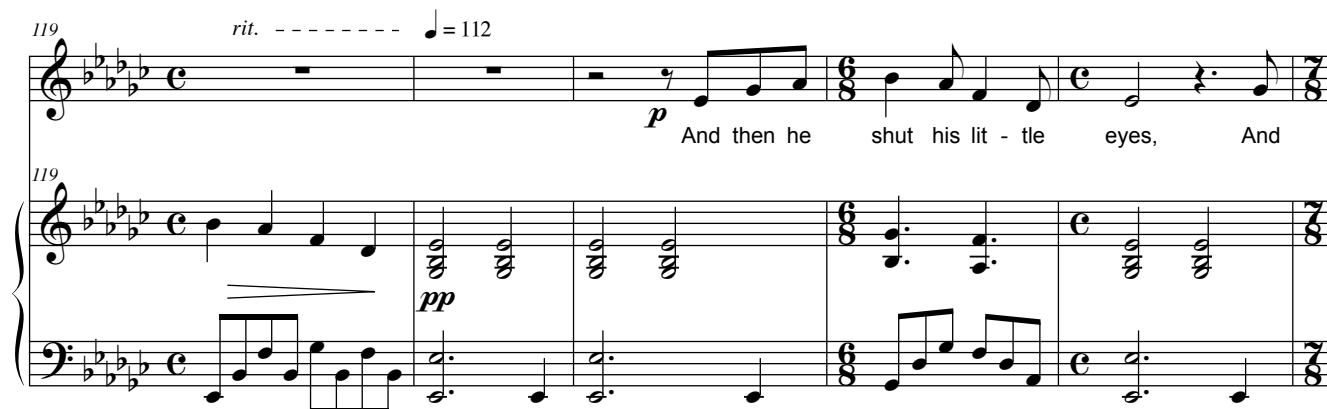
113



119 *rit.* ----- ♩ = 112

p And then he shut his lit - tle eyes, And

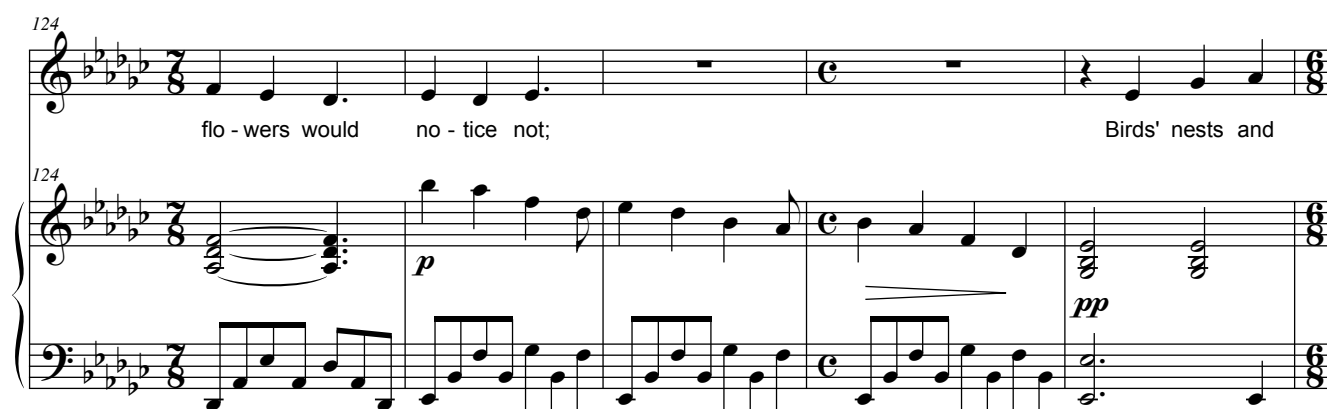
119



124

flo - wers would no - tice not; Birds' nests and

124



129

eggs caused no sur - prise, He now no blos-soms got; They

129



134 *rit.* -----

met with plain-tive sighs. *p* When



140 $\text{♩} = 85$

win - ter came and blasts did sigh, And bare were plain and tree, As he for ease in

pp

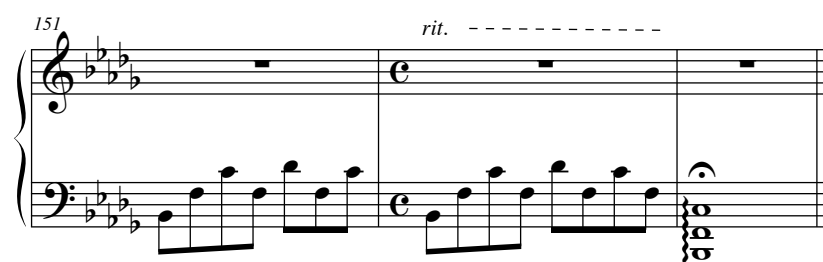


145

bed did lie His soul seemed with the free, He died so qui - et - ly.



151 *rit.* -----



3. Requiescat

Text: Oscar Wilde

Carsten Braun
16. - 23. 4. 2013

The musical score is written for piano and voice. It begins with a tempo marking of quarter note = 108. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is common time (C). The piano part consists of two staves. The vocal part is on a single staff. The lyrics are in English and are written below the vocal staff. The score is divided into systems, with measures 8, 13, and 17 marked at the beginning of their respective systems. The piano part features a recurring eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more static accompaniment in the left hand. The vocal part is a simple melody that follows the lyrics. The lyrics are: "Tread light - ly, she is near un - der the snow. Speak gent - ly, she can hear the dai - sies grow. All her bright gol - den hair tar - nished with rust."

8 $\text{♩} = 108$
ppp

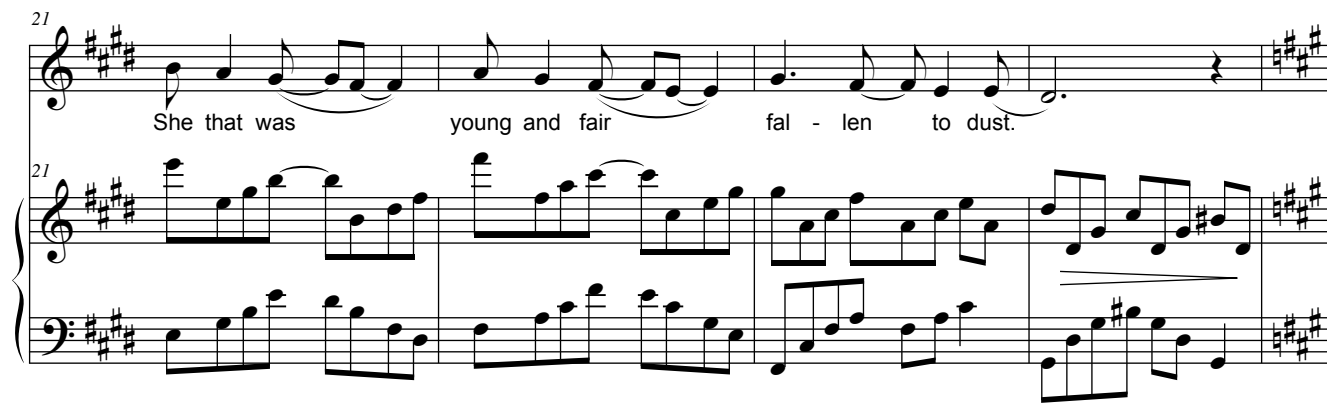
5 *pp*

9 *p* Tread light - ly, she is near un - der the snow.

13 Speak gent - ly, she can hear the dai - sies grow.

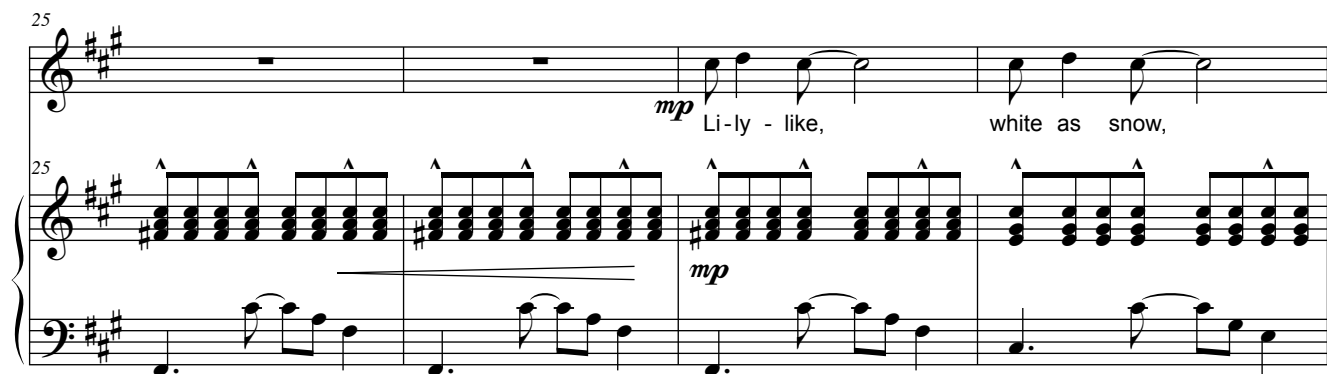
17 All her bright gol - den hair tar - nished with rust.

21



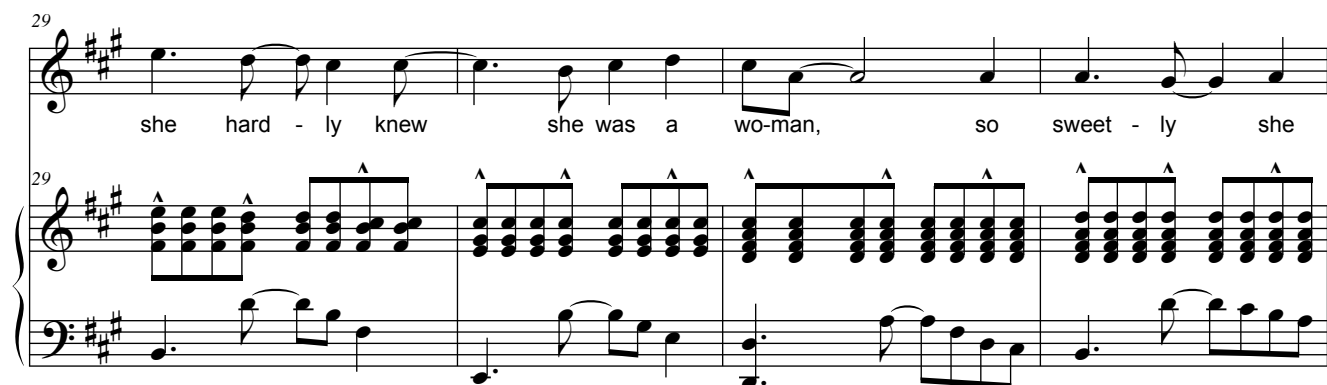
She that was young and fair fal - len to dust.

25



mp Li-ly - like, white as snow,

29



she hard - ly knew she was a wo-man, so sweet - ly she

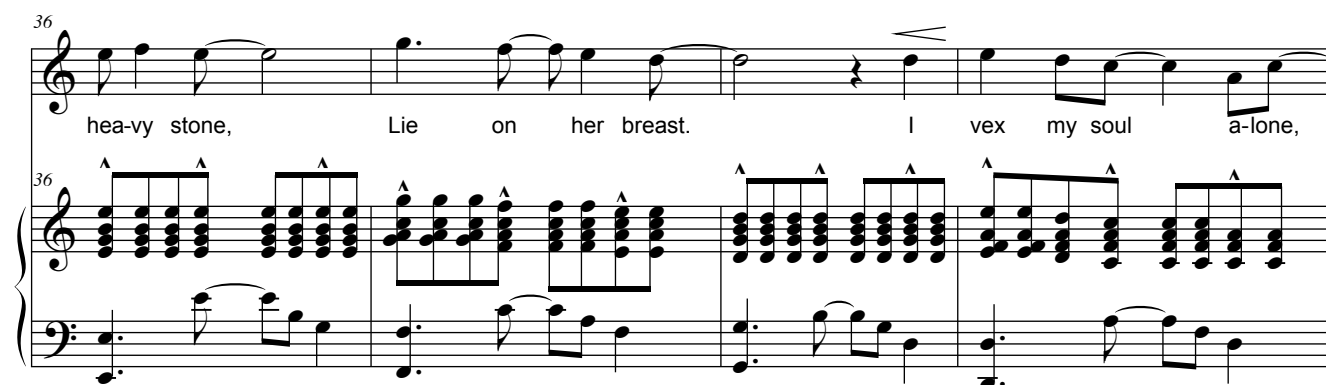
33



grew. *mf* Cof-fin - board,

36

hea-vy stone, Lie on her breast. I vex my soul a-lone,

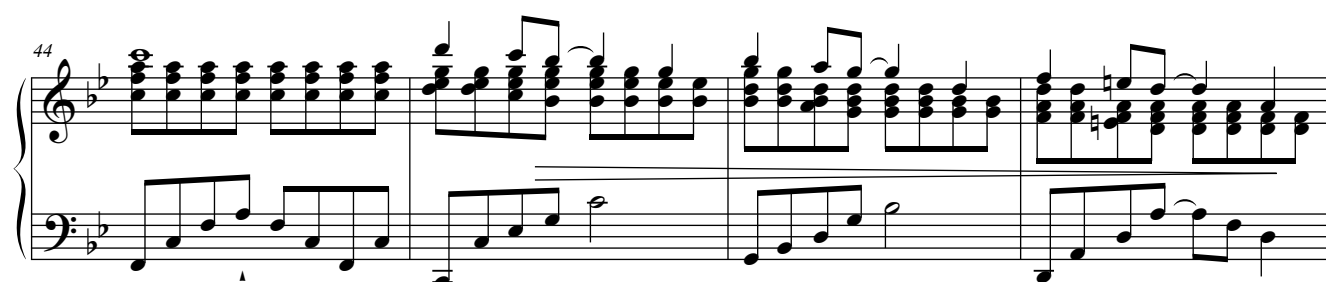


40

she is at rest.

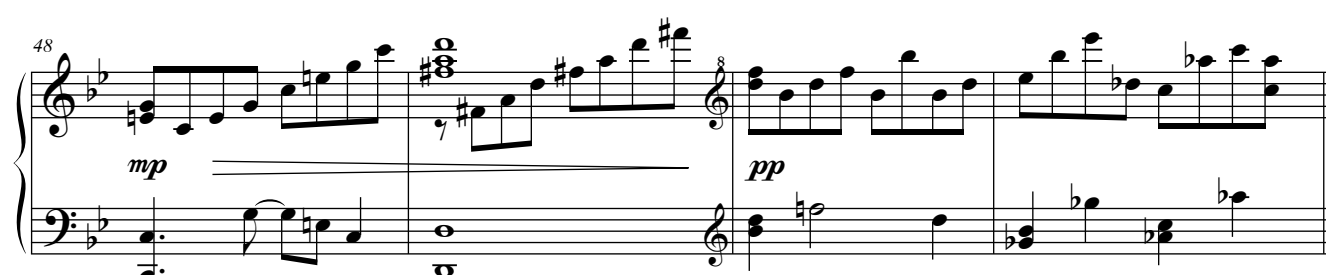


44



48

mp *pp*



52

p

Peace, Peace, she can-not hear,



56

she can-not hear, can't hear lyre or son -

56 8

crescendo poco a poco

60

net, all my life's bu-ried here.

60

64

rit. *a tempo*

p Heap earth up-on it, heap earth up-on it, up-

64

p

69

on it, up - on it, up - on it.

69

3. Requiescat

14

73 *mf* *accel.* ----- *rit.* -----

Heap earth upon it, up-on it, up-on it

78 *a tempo*

pp

82 *p*

Tread light - ly, she is near un - der the snow.

86

Speak gent - ly, she can hear the dai - sies grow.

90 *rit.* -----

4. In a disused Graveyard

Text: Robert Frost

Carsten Braun
29. 4. - 2. 5. 2013

♩ = 74



7



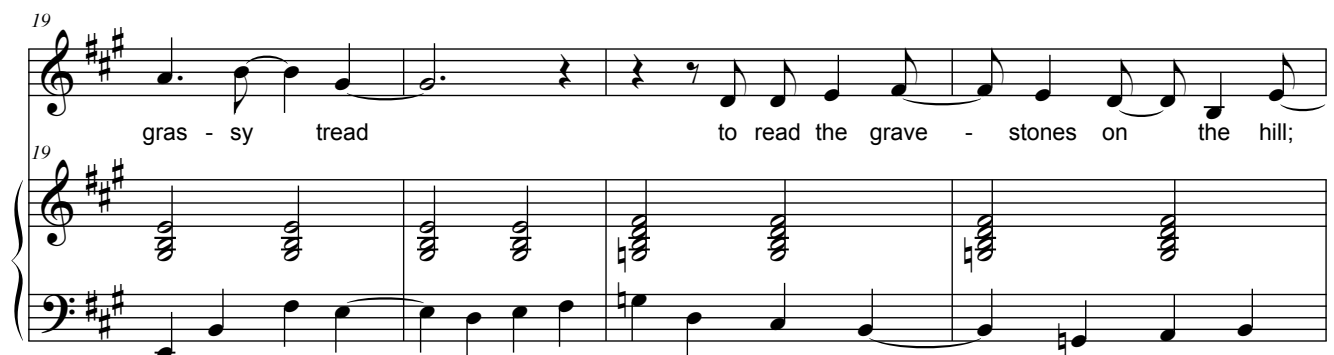
13

mp The li - ving come with



19

gras - sy tread to read the grave - stones on the hill;



23

the grave-yard draws the li - ving still,



27 *f*

but ne-ver a - ny-more the dead. The

31

ver - ses in it say and say: "The ones who li - ving come to - day to

31 *mf*

35

read the stones and go a-way, to - mor-row dead will come to

35

39

stay."

39 *f*

43

47

p

rit. - - - -

51

a tempo

57

mp

So sure of death the mar-bles rhyme,

57

p

63

yet can't help mar - king all the time

63

67

how no one dead will seem to come. What is it men are shrin - king from?

71

f

It would be ea - sy to be cle - ver and

mf

75

tell the stones: Men hate to die and have stopped dy - ing now for-e - ver. I

79

think they would be - lieve the lie.

f

83



87 *rit.* ----- ♩ = 60

p The ver - ses in it say and say: "The

87



91

ones who li - ving come to-day to read the stones and go a-way, to-

91



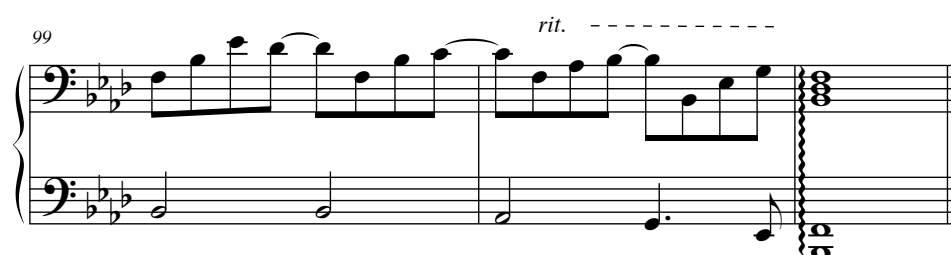
95

mor-row dead will come to stay."

95



99 *rit.* -----



5. Remembrance

Text: Percy Bysshe Shelley

Carsten Braun
14. - 20. 5. 2013

$\text{♩} = 56$

p

The piano introduction consists of six measures. The right hand features a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The key signature is three flats (B-flat major or D-flat minor).

7 *p*

Swif-ter far than sum - mer's flight,

7 *p*

The first system of the vocal melody begins at measure 7. The vocal line is in a treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in a bass clef. The piano part features chords and moving lines that support the vocal melody. The key signature remains three flats.

11

Swif-ter far than youth's de-light, Swif-ter far than hap - py night,

11

The second system of the vocal melody begins at measure 11. The vocal line continues with the same melodic pattern. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines. The key signature remains three flats.

15 *mp*

Art thou come and gone. As the earth when leaves are dead,

15

The third system of the vocal melody begins at measure 15. The vocal line continues with the same melodic pattern. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines. The key signature remains three flats.

19

As the night when sleep is sped, As the heart when joy is fled,

8vb

23

f I am left a - lone.

mf

(8vb)

27

accel. un poco *etwas rascher* (♩ = 62)

p *mp*

35

mf

The swal-low sum - mer comes a-gain, The ow-let night re-sumes her reign.

39

But the wild - swan youth is fain To fly with thee, false as thou,

43 *Tempo leicht anziehen*

false as thou, false as thou.

47 *rit. a tempo*

mf My heart each day de-sires the mor -

51

- row; Sleep it-self is turned to sor - row; Vain - ly would my win - ter bor -

55

- row Sun-ny leaves from a - ny bough.

55

mf

58

61

64

f

8vb - - - - -

68

rit. - - - - -

8vb - - - - -

The musical score is for a piece titled "5. Remembrance". It begins at measure 55 with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line has the lyrics "- row Sun-ny leaves from a - ny bough." The piano accompaniment features chords in the right hand and a simple bass line in the left hand. At measure 58, the piano part transitions into a more active texture with triplets in the right hand and a steady eighth-note bass line. The dynamics are marked *mf* at measure 58 and *f* at measure 64. The score continues with complex piano textures, including rapid sixteenth-note passages in the right hand and eighth-note patterns in the left hand. There are two instances of an 8vb (octave below) marking in the bass staff at measures 64 and 68. The piece concludes with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking at measure 68, where the piano part slows down and ends with sustained notes.

72 *Tempo I*

p

78 *p*

Li - lies for a bri - dal bed,

78

p

82

Ro-ses for a ma - tron's head, Vio-lets for a mai - den dead,

82

p

86 *mp*

Pan-sies let MY flo - wers be: On the li - ving grave I bear

86

mp

90

Scat-ter them with-out a tear. Let no friend, how-e - ver dear,

8vb

94

f

Waste one hope, one fear for me, for

mf *mp*

8vb

98

me, for me.

102

rit.

Waste one hope, one fear for me.

p

6. Dreamland

Text: Lewis Carroll

Carsten Braun
23. - 24. 5. 2013

frei
♩ = 160

pp

rit.

3

♩ = 140

p

6

8

10

rit.

13 $\text{♩} = 112$ *p*

When mid-night mists are cree -

13 *pp*

16 - ping, And all the land is slee - ping, A -

16

19 round me tread the migh - ty dead, And

19 *p*

22 slow - ly pass a - way.

22

25



28



31

♩ = 140

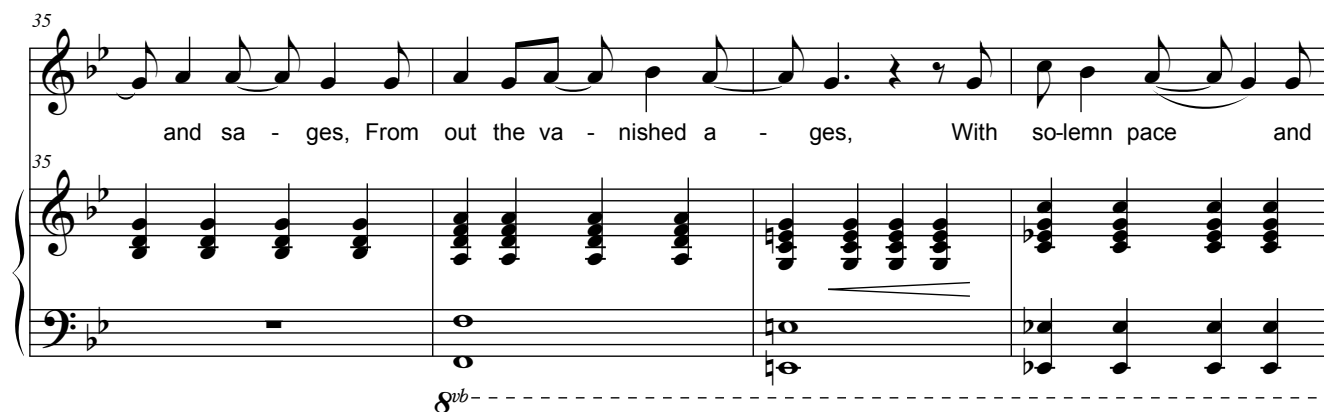
mf

Lo, war-ri-ors, saints,



35

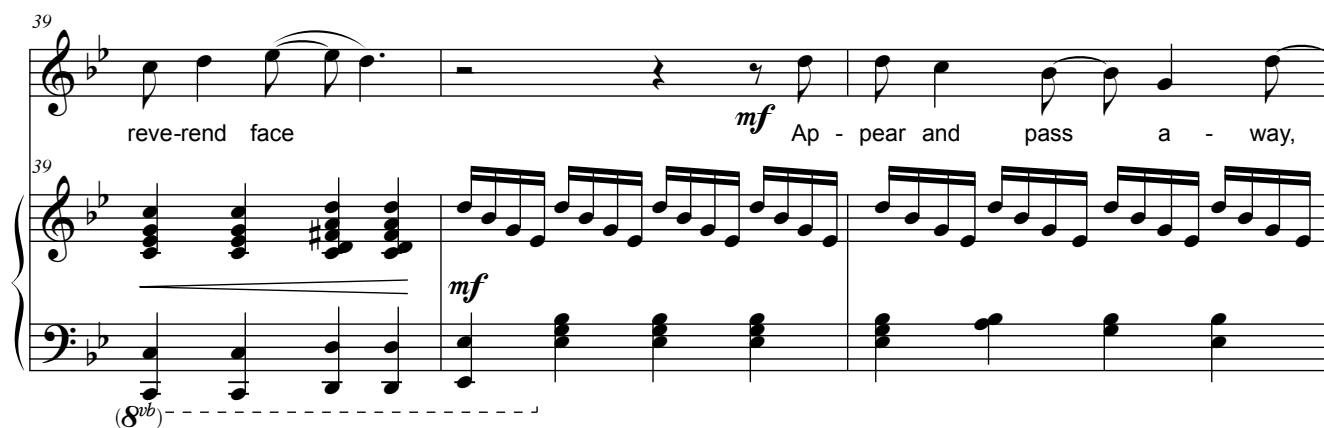
and sa - ges, From out the va - nished a - ges, With so-lemn pace and



39

reve-rend face

mf Ap - pear and pass a - way,



42

ap - pear and pass a - way.

8vb - - -

45

The blaze of noon - day splen - dour, The twi - light soft and ten - der,

8vb - - -

49

May charm the eye: yet they shall die,

8vb - - -

52

f

Shall die and pass a - way, shall

(8vb) - - - 8vb - - - 8vb - - -

55

die and pass a - way.

55

8vb - - -

8vb - - -

58

58

sf *mf*

62

f

But here, in Dream - land's cen - tre, No spoi-ler's hand may en - ter, These

62

8vb - - -

66

vi - sions fair, this ra - diance rare, Shall

66

f

(8vb) - - -

69

ne-ver pass a-way, shall ne-ver pass a-way.

8vb - - -

72

8vb - - -

76

mp

80

rit. - - -

84

pp

a tempo

87

5 5 5 5

89

5 5 5 5 rit.

91

$\text{♩} = 112$

p

I see the sha - dows fal -

pp

94

- ling, The forms of old re - cal - ling; A -

94

97 *p*

round me tread the migh - ty dead, And

97 *pp*

100 *rit.* ----- ♩ = 100

slow - ly pass a - way, and slow - ly pass a -

100

103 way.

103

106 *rit.* -----

7. An Epitaph

Text: Walter de la Mare

Carsten Braun
20. - 21. 5. 2013

$\text{♩} = 124$

mp

6

12 *mp* Here lies a most beau - ti-ful la - dy, Light of step and heart was she.

12 *p*

16 *mp* I think she was

20 the most beau - ti-ful la - dy, That e-ver was in the West Coun - try.

20 *p*

24 *mp* But

30 beau-ty va - ni-shes; beau-ty pas - ses; How - e-ver rare, rare it be; And

34 *mf* when I crum - ble who shall re-mem - ber This la - dy of the West Coun - try?

39

44 *mp* *rit.* *p*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score is divided into five systems. The first system (measures 24-29) features a vocal line with rests and a piano accompaniment of eighth notes. The second system (measures 30-33) includes the lyrics 'beau-ty va - ni-shes; beau-ty pas - ses; How - e-ver rare, rare it be; And'. The piano accompaniment consists of eighth notes in the right hand and chords in the left hand. The third system (measures 34-38) includes the lyrics 'when I crum - ble who shall re-mem - ber This la - dy of the West Coun - try?'. The piano accompaniment continues with eighth notes and chords. The fourth system (measures 39-43) shows the piano accompaniment continuing with eighth notes. The fifth system (measures 44-48) concludes the piece with a piano accompaniment of eighth notes and a final chord. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano), *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *rit.* (ritardando).

8. Spirits of the Dead

Text: Edgar Allan Poe

Carsten Braun
6. - 9. 4. 2013

I

$\text{♩} = 130$

p

7

p Thy

7 8

13

soul shall find it - self a - lone. 'Mid dark

pp

13

18

thoughts of the gray tomb - stone. *p* Not one, of

18

pp

23

all the crowd, to pry. In - to thine hour of

28

etwas rascher

sec - - - re - - - cy.

31 8

35

rit.

II

37 $\text{♩} = 152$

mp Be si - lent in that

42 *p* so-li-tude, which is not lo - ne - ness; for then the spi - rits *mf*

42 *pp* *mp*

47 *mp* of the dead who stood in life be - fore thee are a - gain; be -

47 *p*

52 fore - thee are a - gain. In death a -

52 *f* *mf*

56 *mp* round thee; and their will shall o - ver-sha - dow thee,

56 *p*

60 *mf* *f*
shall o - ver-sha - dow thee. Be still, be

65 still. Be still, be still.

70 *rit.* Be still.

73

76 *rit.*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for a piece titled '8. Spirits of the Dead'. It consists of a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into five systems. The first system (measures 60-64) features a vocal line starting with a half note G#4, followed by eighth notes, and then a half note G#4. The piano accompaniment has a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a similar pattern in the left hand. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*. The second system (measures 65-69) continues the vocal line with 'still. Be still, be still.' and the piano accompaniment with more complex chordal textures. The third system (measures 70-72) begins with a *rit.* marking and features a vocal line with a half note G#4 and a piano accompaniment with a more active right hand. The fourth system (measures 73-75) shows the piano accompaniment with a more complex, arpeggiated texture in the right hand. The fifth system (measures 76-79) concludes with a *rit.* marking and features a vocal line with a half note G#4 and a piano accompaniment with a more active right hand. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

III

78 $\text{♩} = 160$

p

84

mf

89

93 *mf* The night, tho' clear, shall frown. And the stars shall not look

93

97 down. From their high thrones in the hea - ven, with light like Hope to

97 *mp*

The musical score is for a piece titled '8. Spirits of the Dead' on page 40. It is marked 'III' and begins at measure 78 with a tempo of quarter note = 160. The score is in 3/8 time and features a piano accompaniment and a vocal line. The piano part starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a melodic line in the right hand, while the left hand plays a rhythmic accompaniment. The vocal line enters at measure 84 with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The lyrics are: 'The night, tho' clear, shall frown. And the stars shall not look down. From their high thrones in the heaven, with light like Hope to'. The score continues with piano accompaniment and vocal lines, with dynamics ranging from piano (*p*) to mezzo-piano (*mp*). The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

101

mor - tals gi - ven. But their red orbs, with-out

105

beam, to thy wea - ri-ness shall seem. As a bur-n-ing and a fe-ver which would

109

cling to thee for e-ver. The night, tho' clear, shall frown. And the stars shall not look

113

down. From their high thrones in the hea - ven, with light like Hope to

117 *f*
mor - tals gi - ven. But their red orbs, without beam, to thy

117 *mf*

122 wea-ri-ness shall seem. As a burning and a fever which would cling to thee for ever and

122

126 *rit.* ----- ♩ = 152
ever and ever and e - ver.

126 *p*

131 **IV**
mf Now are thoughts thou shalt not ba - nish,

131 *mp*

135

now are vi - sions ne - ver to va - nish;

139

from thy spi - rit shall they pass no

143

more; like dew - drop from the grass.

148

rit. ----- $\text{♩} = 130$ *mp*

The breeze, the

154
breath of God, is still. And the mist up -

159
on the hill, sha - do-wy, sha - do-wy,

164
yet un - bro - ken. Is a sym - bol and a

169
rit. ----- a tempo
to - - ken. *mp* How it hangs up - on the

174
p trees. A mys - te - ry of mys - te - ries! The

174
pp

The musical score is written for voice and piano. The voice part is in a single melodic line with lyrics. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves (treble and bass clef). The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The score is divided into systems, each starting with a measure number (154, 159, 164, 169, 174). Dynamics include *p* (piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *pp* (pianissimo). Performance instructions include *rit.* (ritardando), *a tempo*, and *accel.* (accelerando). The piano part features complex textures with many chords and moving lines, particularly in the right hand.

$\text{♩} = 152$

179 *mf* *mp*

spi - rits of the dead who stood in life be - fore thee are a -

179 *mp* *p*

184 gain; be - fore - thee are a - gain. In

184 *f* *mp*

death a - round thee; and their will shall

188 *mf*

192 *mf* *f*

o - ver-sha - dow thee, shall o - ver-sha - dow thee. Be

192 *p*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is D major (two sharps). The tempo is marked as 152 beats per minute. The score is divided into four systems, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The first system (measures 179-183) features a vocal line starting with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic and a piano accompaniment with a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic. The second system (measures 184-187) continues the vocal line with a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic and the piano accompaniment with a piano (p) dynamic. The third system (measures 188-191) features a vocal line with a forte (f) dynamic and a piano accompaniment with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The fourth system (measures 192-195) features a vocal line with a mezzo-forte (mf) and forte (f) dynamic and a piano accompaniment with a piano (p) dynamic. The piano accompaniment consists of a right hand with chords and a left hand with a steady eighth-note pattern.

196

still, be still. Be still,

196

mf

201

be still. Be still.

rit. ----- $\text{♩} = 130$ *rit.* -----

206

a tempo

211

p A mys - te - ry of mys - te - ries!

211

pp

216

rit. -----

8vb -----

The image shows a page of a musical score for 'Spirits of the Dead', page 46. It features vocal and piano parts. The vocal line starts at measure 196 with the lyrics 'still, be still. Be still,'. The piano accompaniment is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. At measure 201, the tempo changes to 'rit.' (ritardando) and the time signature changes to 3/4. The tempo marking '♩ = 130' is indicated. At measure 206, the tempo returns to 'a tempo'. At measure 211, the piano part has a 'pp' (pianissimo) marking. The vocal line continues with 'A mys - te - ry of mys - te - ries!'. At measure 216, the tempo returns to 'rit.' and the piano part has an '8vb' (8va) marking. The score ends with a double bar line.

9. If I can stop one heart from breaking (II)

Text: Emily Dickinson

Carsten Braun
24. - 25. 4. 2013

$\text{♩} = 124$

p

4 *mp*

If I could stop one heart of breake

4

7 king, I did not live

7

10 *rit.* ----- *a tempo*

in vain; If I could ease

10 *p*

13

one life the a ching, or cool one pain,

16

or help one fainting robin un

18

rit. ----- *a tempo*

to his nest a gain, *p* I did not live, *pp* in

21

I did not live in

25

vain.

25

mp

28

mp *crescendo poco a poco*

I did not live,

28

mp *crescendo poco a poco*

31

I did not live, I did not live

31

34

in vain

34

mf

The image shows a musical score for a song. It consists of four systems of music. Each system has a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The first system starts at measure 25 with the vocal line on a whole note 'vain.' and the piano accompaniment. The second system starts at measure 28 with the vocal line 'I did not live,' and the piano accompaniment. The third system starts at measure 31 with the vocal line 'I did not live, I did not live' and the piano accompaniment. The fourth system starts at measure 34 with the vocal line 'in vain' and the piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). Performance instructions include *crescendo poco a poco*. The piano accompaniment features a consistent rhythmic pattern of eighth notes in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand.

37

40 *mp* I did not live, *mf* I did not live,

40

43 live in

43

46 vain!

46

49